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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/577,291	07/14/2006	David Philip Knight	4280-115	5158	
	7590 03/24/200 AL PROPERTY / TEC		4280-115 5158 EXAMINER KOSSON, ROSANNE ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 1652	IINER	
PO BOX 14329	JANGLE PARK, NC 27709		KOSSON,	KOSSON, ROSANNE	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commence	10/577,291	KNIGHT, DAVID PHILIP				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Rosanne Kosson	1652				
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RI WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILIN - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 Cf after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicatio - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory p - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by s Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	G DATE OF THIS COMMUNION (FR 1.136(a)). In no event, however, may a result in the control of the	CATION. reply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	31 December 2006					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	This action is non-final.					
	, 					
closed in accordance with the practice und	·	•				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>79-95</u> is/are pending in the applic	eation					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	idiawii iioiii consideration.					
6) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
7) Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
8) Claim(s) 15/4/16 objected to:	ad/or alaction requirement					
o) Claim(s) <u>79-90</u> are subject to restriction at	id/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exa	miner.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐	accepted or b) ☐ objected to	by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	prrection is required if the drawing	(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d)).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by th	e Examiner. Note the attached	d Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docur 2. Certified copies of the priority docur 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a 	ments have been received. ments have been received in A priority documents have been ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	B) Paper No(s	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application 				

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

Group 1, claim(s) 79-87, drawn to an article comprising a matrix comprising elongate elements and the glassy protein sericin.

Group 2, claim(s) 79-87, drawn to an article comprising a matrix comprising elongate elements and the glassy protein *Pseudomonas seringae* ice nucleation protein INAZ.

Group 3, claim(s) 79-87, drawn to an article comprising a matrix comprising elongate elements and the glassy protein Drosophila putative chitin binding protein QVEL9.

Group 4, claim(s) 88-94, drawn to a method of making an article, comprising the steps of contacting a plurality of elongate elements with a solution of at least 20% by weight of a glassy protein and filling the spaces among the elongate elements.

Group 5, claim(s) 95, drawn to a method of making a laminate, comprising the steps of preparing a plurality of planar sheets of elongate elements and wetting them and filling the spaces with a solution of at least 20% by weight of a glassy protein.

The inventions listed as Groups 1-5 do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons.

The requirement of unity of invention is not fulfilled because there is no technical relationship among these inventions involving one or more of the same or corresponding special technical features. The expression "special technical features" means those technical features that define a contribution which each of the claimed inventions, considered as a whole, makes over the prior art. Therefore, a technical relationship is lacking among the claimed inventions involving one or more special technical features. The technical feature that links the 5 groups of inventions is a composition comprising elongate elements surrounded by a glassy protein.

The inventions of Groups 1-5 do not share the common special technical feature of a composition comprising elongate elements surrounded by a glassy protein, because Zhang ("Applications of natural silk protein sericin in biomaterials," Biotechnology Advances 20:91-100,

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2002) discloses foams in which the polyurethane is surrounded by sericin (see pp. 92-93, Biodegradable materials) and fibers, such as rayon and cotton, that are coated with sericin for medical applications, such as diapers and wound dressings (see p. 98, second paragraph).

Thus, the technical feature of a composition comprising elongate elements surrounded by a glassy protein does not define the invention over the prior art. Because the common technical feature is not novel (special) with respect to the cited reference, it is clear that the claims of Groups 1-5 lack a single common technical feature that defines them over the prior art.

Further, an international application containing claims to different categories of inventions will be considered to have unity of invention if the claims are drawn only to one of certain combinations of categories:

- (1) A product and a process specially adapted for the manufacture of said product; or
- (2) A product and process of use of said product; or
- (3) A product, a process specially adapted for the manufacture of the said product, and a use of the said product; or
- (4) A process and an apparatus or means specifically designed for carrying out the said process; or
- (5) A product, a process specially adapted for the manufacture of the said product, and an apparatus or means specifically designed for carrying out the said process (see 37 CFR 1.475(b)-(d)). In the instant case, the claims are drawn to multiple products and multiple processes, only a particular combination of which including Group 1 may be considered for unity of invention, i.e., Group 1 and Group 4, (the first named product and the first named process of making the product). Other groups are drawn to additional products and processes, and other combinations do not comply with the aforementioned Rules. But, because a corresponding special technical feature is not present, Groups 1 and 4 cannot be considered to have unity of invention.

Regarding the different claimed polypeptides, Applicant must choose **ONE** polypeptide from among those claimed as indicated in the different groups above. Each polypeptide sequence is a distinct invention requiring separate searches. THESE ARE NOT SPECIES. Each sequence is a chemically, structurally and functionally distinct molecule. Therefore, the each of the polypeptides is patentably distinct.

Moreover, each sequence requires a separate set of searches. Applicant should note that searching each sequence imposes a serious search burden. Currently, there are approximately eight different databases that accompany the results of a search for <u>one</u> discrete amino acid or nucleic acid sequence, and each result set from a particular database must be carefully considered. Each set of prior art has its own considerations with respect to anticipation

and obviousness. Hence, the search for even <u>two</u> different polypeptides or polynucleotides in the databases, in addition to searching the organic molecule databases, would require extensive searching and review. Therefore, these inventions are patentably distinct.

This application contains claims directed to more than one species of the generic invention. These species are deemed to lack unity of invention because they are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

The species are as follows:

- a) each one of the elongate elements listed in claim 86, and
- b) each one of the fibrous proteins listed in claim 87.

Applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single species in claim 86 to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. If Applicant elects the species of fibrous proteins in claim 86, Applicant must elect one species of fibrous protein in claim 87. If Applicant elects species (f) in claim 87, Applicant must indicate exactly how many mixtures there are, the number or proteins in each mixture, and the identity of each protein in each mixture. Applicant's reply must also identify the claims readable on the elected species, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered non-responsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

The following claim(s) are generic: 79 and 86.

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The species listed above do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, the species lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons. The different elongate elements in claim 86 are different kinds of molecules, each having a different structure, different chemical and biological properties, a different function and a different effect. The different proteins in claim 87 are different molecules, each having a different structure, different chemical and biological properties, a different function and a different effect. Because the claimed species are not artrecognized equivalents, a holding of lack of unity of invention is proper.

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR

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1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Rosanne Kosson whose telephone number is (571)272-2923. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8:30-6:00, alternate Mondays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nashaat Nashed can be reached on 571-272-0934. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Rosanne Kosson Examiner, Art Unit 1652

rk/2008-03-07

/Rebecca E. Prouty/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1652